

# Space Plasma Physics Fall 2021

## Problem Set 2

**Due date: Nov. 26, 2021**

1. MHD power generators may possibly be a more efficient way of converting heat into electricity. Think of one as consisting of a simple rectangular channel of (x-) width,  $a$ , (y-) height  $b$ , in which the plasma flows under pressure in the z-direction. Take the plasma density and velocity to be uniform. A uniform magnetic field,  $B$ , is applied in the y-direction and the walls at  $x = 0, a$  are electrodes where the electric current density (density  $j$ , assumed uniform) is picked off at a voltage difference  $\Phi$ . Use the MHD equations to answer the following questions:

- (a) If the resistivity,  $\eta$ , of the plasma is negligible, what is the plasma velocity?
- (b) If the pressure is  $P_0$  at  $z = 0$ , what is its value as a function of  $z$ ?
- (c) How much electric power is generated per unit length of the channel?
- (d) What is the rate of doing work per unit channel length by the plasma pressure force?
- (e) If  $\eta$  is not negligible but can be considered fixed, and the flow velocity and B-field are also fixed but the current density can be varied, what is the maximum electric power unit length that can be generated?

2. A  $\theta$  - pinch (By symmetry,  $B$  has only z-component,  $j$  has only  $\theta$  component and  $\nabla p$  has only r component, so called because plasma currents flow in  $\theta$  direction, ) in MHD equilibrium has magnetic field that is

$$B(r) = B_0 + (B_a - B_0)r/a$$

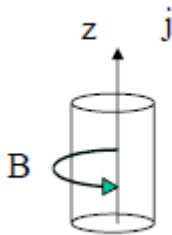
for  $0 \ll r \ll a$

where the plasma edge is  $r = a$ , at which point the plasma pressure,  $p$ , is zero. Calculate:

- (a) The pressure profile,  $p(r)$
- (b) The current density profile,  $j(r)$
- (c) The maximum possible value of the  $\beta$ ,  $2\mu_0 \langle p \rangle / B_a^2$ , where  $\langle p \rangle$  is the volume average plasma pressure:

$$\langle p \rangle = \int_0^a p 2\pi r dr / \pi a^2$$

### 3. Z-pinch



So called because  $j$  follows in  $z$ -direction.

(a) For a  $z$ -pinch equilibrium which has zero plasma pressure at the plasma edge,  $r = a$ , prove by integrating the MHD force balance equation a second time that the volume-averaged pressure is a function only of the total current, and find the function.

(b) If a hydrogen plasma  $z$ -pinch has uniform density  $n = 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ , temperature  $T_e = T_i = T_0(1 - r^2/a^2)$  with  $T_0 = 10 \text{ keV}$ , and radius  $a = 0.01 \text{ m}$ , what current is required?